wante our expensions of the records noted

Public Policy-Important Recommendations Regarding National Guard.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.-The annual report of the Secretary of War, made public to-day, says that the regular establishment of the army now consists of 3,253 officers and 76,084 enlisted men. There are also 4,336 men of the Hospital Corps, 172 volunteer surgeons in the Philippines, 4,973 native scouts under the command of 98 officers in the Philippines, and 25 officers and 815 men of the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment. The distribution of

the forces is as follows		Enlisted	
	Officers.	Men.	Total.
United States	1,922	81,952	83,874
Philippine Islands	1,111	43,128	48,239
Ouba	166	4,748	4,914
Porto Rico	51	1,490	1,541
Hawallan Islands		250	250
China		157	162
Alaska	17	510	827
T1	. 278	81 285	84.518

The recruitment of the new organizations and the maintenance of the old, the report says, have been accomplished without difficulty, and the material obtained appears by the reports to be of the best quality. About three-fourths of the total number of applicants were rejected and about one-fourth accepted. Of those accepted about 90 per cent. were native born and about 10 per cent. naturalized citizens. The requirements that the appli-cant should be in perfect health, of good pharacter, and able to read and write have

been rigidly enforced.

Under the head of "The Army in the Philippines" the report says: "At the date of my last report (Nov. 80, 2900), formal and open resistance to American authority in the Philippines had practically terminated, and the Filipino insurgent forces had adopted a system of guerrilla warfare, closely approaching brigandage. To successfully contend against this condition and to suppress it, to afford protection to the peaceful and

unarmed inhabitants, and to reestablish local civil governments had necessitated the distribution of our forces to more than 400 stations. This process continued until a maximum of 502 stations were occupied, holding every important town and strategio the archipelago. The scattered guerrilla insurgent bands obtained funds and supplies from the towns and the country in the vicinity of their operations. The people thus contributed to the support of these guerrillas had been rarely interfered Prisoners taken in battle had been disarmed and immediately released. "This policy had been adhered to in the

hope that it might make friendly neighbors of the natives, but, on the contrary, they seemed suspicious of this beneficence, and looked upon it as an evidence of weakness. It was therefore decided to apply more rigidly to the residents of the archipelago the laws of war touching the government of occupied places. Notice of this intention was given by a proclama-tion issued by the Military Governor, Dec. 20,1900, fully explaining the law, supplemented by letters of instruction, and folmore vigorous field operations. It was followed immediately by the deportation to the island of Guam of about fifty prominent Filipino iusurgent army officers, civil officials, insurgent agents, sympathizers and agitators.

"The field work of the army was con-nued with renewed vigor from each of the 500 stations and was conducted simultaneously throughout the entire archi-pelago with such telling results that, with the exception of Lukban in Samar and Malvar in southern Luzon, all prominent insurgent leaders with their commands

guarded against by every means possible.

"The army in the Philippines has been reduced since my last report from 2.367 officers and 71.777 enlisted men to 1.111 officers and 42.128 enlisted men. When the organizations now remaining in the Philippines shall by the force of ordinary casualties and expiration of enlistments be reduced to the numbers ostablished by the order of May 8. 1901, the total enlisted attempth of those organizations, exclusive of hospital corps, will be \$2.079 men. The reduction already made was effected partly by bringing home the volunteers and partly by bringing home the volunteers and partly by bringing home the regular organizations which had been longest in the Philippines.

"The policy indicated in my report of the standard sud echools for instruction with the graduates of military colleges and schools for instruction of the Regular army. The courses, both of the efficers chools at the posts and the general service and the posts and the general service at their vacations in military study. The Secretary recommends that the President be authorized to convene boards of officers of the National for instruction of officers of the Regular army. The courses, both of the efficers chools at the posts and the general service at the young men wishing to fit them solves for Volunteer commissions that the President be authorized to convene boards of officers of the National forard, and other children who may apply to be examined as the officers of the National floarity and the receive excriptions and the general service of the vacuum and the general service and the general service and the posts and the general service of the vacuum and the posts and the general service and the posts and the gener

party by dringing home the regains or all the party of the party cancel to the party of the party care to the party of the party of the American army from the recently of remaining in the Philippoine has not been neglected. Pursuing the policy for similarity in the party of the American army from the recently of remaining in the Philippoine has not been neglected. Pursuing the policy for similarity in the party of the American army from the recently of remaining in the Philippoine has not been neglected. Pursuing the policy for similarity and many last report are the policy for similarity and many last report are the party of the present and individual until there are not been added to the party of the party of

REPORT OF SECRETARY OF WAR

ARMY NOW CONSISTS OF 3,253
OFFICERS AND 76,084 MEN.

Sheld Work of the Army in the Philippines
—The Ferce There Reduced to 1,111
Officers and 42,128 Men—Liberal
Trade Relations With the New Republic of Cuba Are Urged as a Moral
Obligation and on the Ground of Public Policy—Important Recom—

mented death of President McKinley was followed by general expressions of sympathy and sorrow throughout the island. "The chief apparent obstacle to the future prosperity of the island is to be found in its commercial relations with the United States, and the necessity of securing some reciprocal arrangement under which a concession shall be made from the tariff duties now imposed by the United States upon the principal Cuban products. The prosperity of Cuba deunder which a concession shall be made from the tariff duties now imposed by the United States upon the principal Cuban products. The prosperity of Cuba depends upon finding a market for her principal products, sugar and tobacco, at a reasonable profit. Under existing conditions, or any conditions which are to be anticipated, she can find such a market for her sugar, and to a great degree for her tobacco, only in the United States. Under the existing provisions of the United States tariff law the prices which can be realized for Cuban sugar and a large part of Cuban tobacco in this market are not sufficient to pay the duties, cost of transpertation and production and yield a living profit to the producer.

"Cuba has acquiesced in our right to say that she shall not put herself in the hands of any other Power, whatever her necessities, and in our right to insist upon the maintenance of free and orderly government throughout her limits, however impoverished and desperate may be her people. Correlative to this right is a duty of the highest obligation to treat her not as an enemy, not at arm's length as an aggressive commercial rival, but with a generosity which toward her will be but justice; to shape our laws so that they shall contribute to her welfare as well as our own.

"Our present duty to Cuban can be performed by the making of such a reciprocal tariff arrangement with her as President McKinley urged in his last words to his countrymen at Buffalo on the 5th of September. A reasonable reduction in our duties upon Cuban sugar and tobacco, in exchange for fairly compensatory reductions of Cuban duties upon American products, will answer the purpose, and I strongly urge that such an arrangement be promptly made. It would involve no sacrifice, but would be as advantageous to us as it would be to Cuba. The market for American products in a country with such a population, such wealth and purpose as Cuba with proparity

to us as it would be to Cuba. The market for American products in a country with such a population, such wealth and purchasing power, as Cuba with prosperity would speedily acquire, made certain by the advantage of preferential duties, would contribute far more to our prosperity than the portion of our present duties which we would be required to concede.

"Aside from the moral obligation to which we committed ourselves when we drove Spain out of Cuba, and aside from the ordinary considerations of commercial advantage involved in a reciprocity treaty, there are the weightiest reasons of Ameri-

ordinary considerations of commercial advantage involved in a reciprocity treaty, there are the weightiest reasons of American public policy pointing in the same direction; for the peace of Cuba is necessary to the peace of the United States; the health of Cuba is necessary to the health of the United States, the independence of Cuba is necessary to the safety of the United States. necessary to the safety of the United States. The same considerations which led to the war with Spain now require that a commercial arrangement be made under which Cuba can live. The condition of the sugar and tobacco industries in Cuba is already such that the earliest possible action by Congress upon this subject is desirable."

Secretary Root approves the recommendations of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy to place the post in the hands of a competent architect with aview to a "complete tearing down and a new building up."

The Secretary gives in detail his scheme for a general military education. The

for a general military education. The principal advantages, he says, it is designed

First—The bringing of all the different branches of military education into one sys-tem under direct supervision and inspection by a body of officers whose special business it will be to make every part of the system

it will be to make every part of definite reeffective
Second—The establishment of definite required courses of instruction in the officer's
schools, which will be the foundation of the
whole system, in the place of the very loosely
regulated lyceums, which in most cases were
not schools at all not schools at all
Third—The establishment of the general
service and staff college upon the foundation
of the Infantry and Cavalry School at Fort
Leavenworth, so that every officer who displays superior qualities in the lower schools
may be instructed there in every branch of

Malvar in southern Luzon, all prominent insurgent leaders with their commands were captured or surrendered.

"The operations of the field forces were to vigorous and unrelenting that more than 1,000 contacts occurred between our troops and the insurgents from May, 1900, to June 30, 1991, in which the insurgent casualties were: Killed, 3,854; wounded, 1,193; captured, 6,572; surrendered, 23,095; with a total of 15,093 rifles and nearly 300, contact of small-arms ammunition captured and surrendered. Our casualties during the same period were: Killed, 245; wounded, 490, captured, 118; missing, 20.

"The recent disturtances in Samar and southern Luzon are of minor consequence, and are being stamped out by the vigorous operations of the troops. Small disturbances of this character are, unfortunately, to be expected, but will be controlled and guarded against by every means possible.

"The army in the Philippines has been reduced since my last report from 2,37 officers and 71,727 enlisted men to 1,411

The many to the projection of life and The members of the female.

### HOUSE REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

CALLED TO MEET AT 2 O'CLOCK SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The Supposition That the Party Leaders Intended to Settle Then and There That There Was to Be No Tinkering With the Tartif Is Entirely Fanciful

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 .- The caucus of the Republicans of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-seventh Congress will be held on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The dominant party in the House usually holds its caucus on the night of the Saturday preceding the opening of Congress, and the departure from this custom on this occasion has created the impression that trouble was anticipated and that in order that the caucus might have plenty of time for its deliberations it was to sit in the afternoon and continue its sessions at night. With this presumption as a basis, the conclusion was reached that the leaders were determined to thresh the tariff subject out before the session began and settle in advance the fact that there was to be no tinkering with the tariff. According to this programme, Representative Babcock of the Ways and Means Committee, who has made several statements to the effect that he proposed to agitate at this session the question of a reduction of the tariff on "Trust, made goods," was to be disciplined by the leaders and such members as might be disposed to follow his lead, were to be made to understand that no such defection

This prearranged programme, however, is entirely fanciful. The Republican party in the House think it would be discourteous to the President, if not improper, for the party to caucus on the tariff before hearing what he had to say. It is his privilege and duty to send to Congress such recommendations as he may wish to present at the opening of the session, and as it is pretty generally known that the President's message will treat of the tariff and reciprocity at considerable length, it is reciprocity at considerable length, it is thought by the most influencial Republicans in the House that it would be very injudicious to take action on these subjects or to formally discuss them before giving his message due consideration. It is possible that some of the members of the caucus may wish to unburden themselves in regard to the Shipping bill, the Nicaragua Canal, the proposition to strengthen the Gold Standard act, the repeal of the war taxes and other matters which will be considered by the House this session, but it is practically certain that the caucus will take no action on any matters of legislation on Saturday.

take no action on any matters of legislation on Saturday.

The old proposition to revise the rules of the House, so as to deprive the Committee on Rules of its absolute power over proposed legislation, will be revived, and several speeches on this subject are expected. One of them will, of course, be from Representative Hepburn of Iowa, who considers it a part of his duty at the opening of each session to protest against the readoption of the Reed rules.

Sneaker Henderson set the time for the

the readoption of the Reed rules.

Speaker Henderson set the time for the caucus in the afternoon, partly because the members find it more convenient to attend then than at night, and partly to afford the opportunity for another session at night, should one be necessary. He exat night, should one be necessary. He expects the caucus to promptly complete its work and does not believe that a night session will be held. He does not think that the tariff will be discussed. There is no opposition to the reelection of the elective officers of the House, so that it will take but a brief time to settle that question.

question.

The Democrats will hold their caucus in the morning, and aside from the selection of the candidates who will receive the complimentary vote, they expect to take no action. Like the Republicans, the complimentary vote, they expect to take no action. Like the Republicans, they wish to wait until they hear from the President before mapping out a programme, and they would also prefer to know en what line the Republicans propose to operate before they take a decided stand. At the same time it is probable that some resolutions may be offered demanding anti-trust legislation, the repeal of the war taxes, &c. Some step may also be taken toward organizing a more active party opposition than during the last Conparty opposition than during the last Con-

who will be the unanimous choice of the Democrats of the House for the Speaker-ship nomination, talked freely and more or less frankly to-day about what matters of legislation his party should stand for during the coming session. He said. "I think we should stand for reciprocity "I think we should stand for reciprocity and demand legislation upon this subject that would be practical and of benefit to American producers and American consumers. The Democrats should advocate reduction of the tariff, the removal of the prohibitive features, at least We will certainly work for retrenchment in expenditures and endeavor to prevent extravagent wastefulness in the use of the peoples's money. We will demand legislation for the suppression and control of the trusts. The Republicans of the House passed an anti-Trust law last Congress, but it was carefully pigeonholed by the Republicans in the Senate. I do not look for any practical legislation on the trust question. In my opinion there should be reduction of the war taxes. A large surplus has been piled up and it should be returned to the people through curtailment of the internal revenue taxation to which they are now subjected. We are ready to join hands with any party to do these hands with any party to do these

things. Mr Richardson was not disposed to give his views as to the attitude the Democrats should take on the Philippines and taken questions, preferring to leave them to be dealt with by the party caucus.

MRS. BONINE HOPEFUL. The Prosecution Falls to Establish Its

Theory of the Murder. WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.-Mrs. Bonine and the members of her family grouped around her during the daily session of her trial for the murder of James Seymour Ayres, appeared much more hopeful today than on any previous occasion since the proceeding against her in Criminal Court No. 1 began. All of the testimony of government witnesses yesterday was negatively in favor of the defence, and did not tend to establish the theory of the prosecution regarding the manner in which Ayres met his death. While there has been much testimony as to a possible motive for the tragedy, there has been nothing thus far which tends to show who com mitted the crime or why it was committed beyond the statement contained in the conesion of Mrs. Bonine.

fence is very clear and simple. It is laid down by the statements made by Mrs. Bonine to the District Attorney. Along that path we will travel without deviation. It leads to liberty for our client." Morgue Master Schoenberger, the first witness called, described the wounds on the body, the arrangements of the articles in Ayres's room and finally, and of great importance, corroborated the testimony given resterday by Capitol Policeman Drew

Attorney Douglass, in speaking of the

case in the court room this morning before

the session began, said: "Our line of de-

that he had seen a number of empty cartridges in the slop jar. George B. Gardiner, Assistant Attorney of the Interior Department, was next called, and gave the most interesting and important testimony that has developed during the present trial. Mr. Gardiner was a resident at the Kenmore and knew Mrs. Bonine well. He testified that on the evening of the day the body was found,

Mrs. Bonine came to his room.

"She then told me," he said, "that she knew more about the death of Ayres than any one else, and admitted having been present at the time. She said she had come to me for advice. She told me that Ayres had come to her room, saying he was ill; had asked her for aid; that she had gone to he room, and that she had approached. to his room, and that he had approached her with a loaded pistol, and in the struggle which ensued he was killed."
"Whose hands held the pistol?" the witness

"She said that the weapon was in Ayres's hands."

"Did she say that Ayres was sober?" "Did she say that Ayres was sober?"

"She said that he was under the influence of liquor. I saw her frequently after that. I had a later conversation the day after this at the dinner table. She came to me and I asked her how she was feeling. I am feeling very badly, she replied. The only thing that sustains me is the consciousness of my innocence. She started to ask if she should destroy something because she could not wash it out. She did not finish the sentence, as someone entered the room just then."

The witness said he advised Mrs. Bonine to make no statement to the police at that

to make no statement to the police at that time.
"Why did you give her this advice?"
District Attorney Gould asked.
Mrs. Bonine's counsel objected to the question and the objection was sustained.
The testimony of Mr. Gardiner apparently destroys the contention of the prosecution that Mrs. Bonine has by every means in her power sought to avert suspicion from herself and did not speak of her connection with the crime until forced to by the de-velopments of the week following the

tragedy.

James Burns, who had a room near that

James Burns, who had a room near that of Mrs. Bonine, and who was a companion and friend of Ayres, testified to-day to the incidents prior to the tragedy, the relations of Ayres and Mrs. Bonine, the estrangement and their apparent reconciliation on the night prior to the tragedy.

Michael, or "Judge" Hogan, as he is called from his having been Police Justice in New York, made substantially the same statements. The testimony of these witnesses was of interest, but not of importance, as nothing was brought out that was not told before the Coroner's jury six months ago.

When the court adjourned for the day Joseph C.McCabe, a resident of the Kenmore

Fight Over Federal Offices in Missouri. Federal appointments in Missouri is etill being hotly waged at the White House. Several Republicans from that State called on President Roosevelt to-day before the Cabinet meeting to oppose the appoint-WASHINGTON, Nov. 26. The fight over Cabinet meeting to oppose the appointments recommended by R. C. Kerens, the Republican National Committeeman from Missouri. Among these were Thomas J. Akins, chairman of the Republican State Committee, and Charles Nagle, a politician of St. Louis and close friend of Mr. Roose-velt. It has been predicted that in case Kerens loses his political fight Nagle will become the leader of the Republican party in Missouri

Railroad Concession to Porto Rico. WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 - President Roosevelt to-day signed the concession granted by the Executive Council of Porto Rico to the Port American Company, which is to build a railroad between Port America

Battleship Missouri to Be Launched Dec. 28. WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 The inunching of the battleship Missouri at Newport News Va. has been set for Doc 28 Miss Marion Cockroll, daughter of the Senator from Missouri, will be the sponsor for the vessel

Arms and Navy Orders. Wassington, Nov. 26. Thear army orders have

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Washington Nov 26. Three cici-time
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## FIGHTERS FINISH TRAINING.

M'GOVERN WILL LEAVE FOR HARTFORD TO-DAY.

Champion Is One Pound Below Weight and Fit for His Battle With Young Corbett -Terry Is Still a Strong Favorite, Though Betting Is Very Slight.

Terry McGovern and Young Corbett of Denver, who are to do battle before the Nut-meg A. C., Hartford, to-morrow afternoon, ished hard training for the fray yesterday and from now until the sound of the gong the rival scrappers will rest. Of course the pair in order to keep their muscles limber will take long walks in the open air. Boxing, punching the bag and other hard work will be totally ignored.

McGovern, who is still one pound below

weight, went through his daily programme vesterday in a mechanical way. first time since Saturday, owing to inclement weather, the champion had an opportunity of enjoying a short run on the road. Terry certainly bracing yesterday about his quar-ters. Johnson's roadhouse, 177th street and Jerome avenue. After a jog of about five miles McGovern returned and received a rub-down with coarse towels. A nap fol-lowed. About 12:30 o'clock dinner consisting of steak, chops, tea, toast and vegetales was served. Terry's appetite was keen and he did ample justice. At 2 o'clock, accompanied by Charlie Kelly, Charlie Maycompanied by Charlie Kelly, Charlie Mayhood and Terry Lee, McGovern went out for
another walk. The party went up and down
steep inclines, over ridges and hills.
McGovern liked it and when he arrived at
his quarters his usual ruddy complexion
was considerably heightened. There was
another rest and at 3:30 o'clock Terry put
in a few minutes at the bag. He also boxed
with Kelly and Tim Kearns and wound up
his work with a spirited bout on the mat
with Kearns. This concluded his training
for the day.

in a few minutes at the bag. He also boxed with Kelly and Tim Kearns and wound up his work with a spirited bout on the mat with Kearns. This concluded his training for the day.

Throughout the afternoon McGovern's gynnassium was filled with a large crowd of sports and admirers who watched every effort with the keenest of interest. Terry was besieged with a lot of questions as to his condition, &c. The queries hurled at him would have bored and urnerved a saint, but he replied with affability and good nature. "I am feeling great," he said, "and if spirits and health are going to be a factor in this scrap there is nothing to it." Tom Sharkey was a caller and McGovern stripped for him. The ex-sailor thought that Terry was in fine fettle.

McGovern will start for Hartford at 6 o'clock to-night and is due at Hartford at 345. Sam Harris, his manager, Joe Humphreys, Charlie Mayhood. Tim Kearns, Charlie Kelly, Terry Lee and Danny Dougherty will travel with him. Arriving at Hartford the champion will put up at Hueblin's Hotel, where a suite of rooms has been engaged for him and his party. He will remain there until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock when he will leave for the clubhouse to weigh in at 0 o'clock.

Several sports arrived in this city yesterdsy on their way to Connectiout to see the scrap. Among them was Dan Stuart, the promoter of the Fitzsimmons-Corbett fight at Carson City in 1897. Stuart, who is a good iudge of puglists and who has seen Corbett battle on many occasions, had this to say of the Westerner.

"Of course I am going to pin my faith and dollars on McGovern. But by saying this Id on to wish it inferred that Corbett is not in McGovern's class. He is, and much at that Rut you know the champion always has the call in affairs of this kind. If McGovern's name had been Jim Jones and Corbett was just going to fight him I would toss up a cent and then choose the one I would back. Corbett can fight some. He is a game 'un, clever, a puncher and his style is similar to that of McGovern is a gain to the story o

Wrestlers to Invade the Gridiron. CHICAGO, Nov 26 - Detective John Rooney ball team in the Olympian games. Every one of the eleven positions will be played by wrestlers of the country who have gained

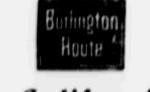
Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 The gunboat Nashville has arrived at Villefranche, the gunboat Ranger at San Francisco, the collier Alexander at Lambert's Point, Va. the collier Ajax at Port Said and the battleship Alabama at Newport News. The battleship Indiana (training ship) has sailed from Santa Lucia for Guantanamo. and the armored cruiser New York (Rear Admiral Rodgers's flagship) from Cebu for Zamboanga

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 - A plate, repre-

senting a group of 530 tons of 12-inch Krupp armor, made by the Carnegie Steel Company for the lattleship Ohio, was tested at the Indian Head proving ground to-day. Three shots were fired with a 12-inch rife. The plate stood the test well and the group will be accepted. Chaptain Steele's Resignation Accepted

WARRINGTON, Nov. 26 The resignation of his commission as Chaplain in the mayy by the Rev. Robert E. Steele has been accepted by the President. He was all



# To California Through Colorado

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COACH WOODRUFF RESIGNS. Will Sever His Connection With Pennsyl-

vania After Thanksgiving Game. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—George W. Wood-ruff, coach of Pennsylvania's football team and financial secretary of the athletic associa-tion of the University of Pennsylvania, has tendered his resignation covering both po-sitions. The letter which he addressed to John C. Bell, and C. S. W. Backard, gradu-ate members and E. A. Mechling, Tacker Howard, and Capt. H. A. Davidson, undergraduate members of the football committee, states that his resignation is to take effect on Nov. 29, which is the day after the Thanks-

states that his resignation is to take effect on Nov 29, which is the day after the Thanks-giving Day game with Cornell. In his letter Mr. Woodruff makes no comment or explanation, but emphatically resigns from the offices which he now holds and further states that he is not a candidate for reslection. The letter is as follow:

I beg to tender my resignation as coach of the football team and as financial secretary of the athletic association, to take effect Nov. 29, with the distinct understanding that I am not a candidate for reappointment to either position. Very truly yours,

That Mr. Woodruff would resign was known to a chosen few, but even they did not expect him to take the action so soon. He sent out the communication at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. The authorities held a conference later and announced that the resignation is considered as final and the fact that Woodruff states he is not a candidate for reappointment makes his meaning explicit.

That practically means that Woodruff has severed his connection with Pennsylvania in any official capacity. The question at once arises as to who will take his place. Nothing will be done in that direction until the new Board of Directors is elected at the annual meeting of the athletic association. The meeting will be held on Dec. 10.

Ever since the new ticket was placed in the field against the present board of officers of the Athletic Association there has been much talk as to who could be secured to coach the footabil team if Woodruff should leave. Dr. Newton of Lafayette, a former Pennsylvanian, is looked upon with great favor by many, but there is a serious doubt if he can be secured. Carl Williams, one of the best quarter backs that ever handled a football, has also been mentioned. while Dr. Shell, who is now engaged in coaching and training the track team candidates and runners, is well liked and some favor his retention as football coach.

While the resignation of Coach Woodruff gives Pennsylvania a problem to solve next year, it also relieves the poli

WILL NOT PLAY AT ITHACA. In Future Tigers Want to Meet Cornell on a Neutral Gridiron.

Princeton will never play a football game with Cornell at Ithaca again. This information comes to THE SUN from an authentic source, but it does not mean that football relations between these universities will be severed According to THE SUN'S informant, Princeton holds Cornell in the highest esterm and is perfectly willing to play an annual game with the Ithacans on neutral ground, either in New York or Philadelphia in the future. The man who gave this story out last night is a Princeton graduate. He said in explanation of the Tigers' attitude

out last night is a Princeton graduate. He said in explanation of the Tigers' attitude in the matter:

"By plaving Cornell at Ithaca it means a loss of three days to Princeton. The trip is too long and the players cannot spare the time from their studies. Then again Princeton has nothing to gain by defeating Cornell at Ithaca, because in the event of victory the football world always says that Princeton ought to win any way. On the other hand Princeton has everything to lose in case of a beating at the hands of Cornell. In short the game between Princeton and Cornell has become so important that it should be played on neutral ground, so that each side may have no advantage. Princeton appreciates Cornell's high standing in football and the sportsmanlike way in which the Ithacans conduct themselves on the athletic field, so that a game either at New York or Philadelphia is a desirable event in the estimation of Nassau. This decision has not been reached hastily. It has been under discussion at Princeton for some time past and the time for action now seems ripe. No reflections upon Cornell are intended, and it is hoped that Ithaca will look at the matter in the proper light."

Princeton defeated Cornell recently by a score of 8 to 6. The game was played at Ithaca and the Tigers won by a safety touchdown over which there was much discussion. The ruling of the referee, Edgar Wrightington. of Harvard, was disputed by many Cornell men.

Football Notes.

condition would be serve a management that dropped his friend Woodruff.

The selection of All-America teams has already began in Boston their hysterical loy over Harvard's victory has not prevented a return to earth long enough for one All-America selection as follows. Campbell and Bowditch, ends: Cutts and Blagden, tarkies. Olcott and Barnard, guarder back. Ristine and Kernan, half backs: Graydon, full back. This team embraces eight Harvard men, two from Yale and one from Princeton. There is no greater tribute to the prestige of Yale, said a college man yesterday. This tag and the fact that Harvard men with their eightheat the game. I was in Boston the night before the game. I was in Boston the night before the game ready to bet on Yale but would not give 2 to 1. I was ready to bet at even money at that priced did not lose a cent on the game. If we had had a team like Harvard's at Yale we would have given a to 1 that it would will

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COLLEGE FOOTBALL NEWS

WEST POINT AND ANNAPOLIS WORKING HARD.

Middles Heing Coached on the Defensive and Their Chances Said to Be Improving Estimated Profits of the Season at Yale-Notes and Gossip.

West Point and Annapolis are this week putting in some of the most vigorous practice they have had this season, getting on edge for their game next Saturday. Hard work is the order at West Point until to morrow when the team will ease up and rest until the battle. Signal practice, running back punts, trying goals from the field and perfecting formations are keeping the West Pointers pretty busy this week. 'Pa" Corbin, the old Yale centre, is on hand assisting in the coaching. The practice on Monday was in a rain and wind storm, but there was hardly any fumbling, and Daly kicked several goals from the field. The line-up against against Pennsylvania except that Phipps who played right half against Princeton and did such fine work at advancing the ball, may supplant Hackett if he is fit. Most of the positions have been settled for some time and McAndrew for right end, but the latter seems to have won first call on the place by his recent good work. He follows the ball very closely, is rangy and speedy and has the making of one of the best ends on the field. The Naval cadets are being coached hard on the defence, preparing to meet the West Point attack. A new quarter back. Shown is showing up in first-class form and is looked on as a find. The ends are coming in for much attention in instruction at getting down the field under kicks so that they may head off runs back by Daly. The team has taken on fresh hope with Nichols back in the game, and the defence is improving steadily. The Middies, it is said, like their chances in the coming game. and McAndrew for right end, but the latte

and the detence is improving steadily. The Middles, it is said, like their chances in the coming game.

Over 300 alumni and undergraduates gathered on South Field, Columbia University yesterday to watch the punting contest for the Class of '82 cup. The class of '82 was there in a body and many women braved the cold to watch the kicking. The wind was so strong that the ball took all directions and all attempts at accuracy were fulle. On the basis of previous work and the particle pation in two intercollegiate games the eligible contestants were Weekes, Morley, Bruce, Van Hoevenberg, Whit well and Capt. Berrien Weekes and Van Hoevenberg were absended and will have their punts recorded on a later day. Bruce was the victor yesterday with an average of 52 2-5 wards for five punts. Morley made the best individual kick of the day covering 63½ yards, but he failed to make more than 32 yards, but he failed to wards, for the five trials. Berrien began with 50 yards, but dropped to 36; ards on his fourth trial and retired from the contest Whitwell's work was very erratic, each successive punt being either considerably more or considerably less than the preceding Bruce was the most consistent of the lot, there being but eleven yards difference between or considerably less than the preceding Bruce was the most consistent of the lot, there being but eleven yards difference between his best and worst punts. The first round went to Bruce with 52 yards, he took the second also with 56 yards. Morley won the third with 63 yards although Bruce equalled his previous attempt of 56 yards. Whitwell was the winner of the fourth round with 53 yards to 52 made by Bruce and 42 by Morley. The last round went to Morley again with 485 yards. The summary.

Bruce, first—52, 56, 56, 52 and 45 yards Total,
26; yards. Average, 52 2.5 yards.
Moriey, second—32, 55, 63; 49, 48, 48, 48
Total, 248 yards. Average, 49 1-10 yards.
Whitwell, third—43, 51, 49, 53 and 44 yards. Total,
287 yards. Average, 47 1.5 yards.
Berrien, fourth—50, 4449, 47 and 36 yards, retired.
Total, 17719 yards. Average, 449, yards.

The Kearsage, Jr., football team, averaging 130 pounds, has two open dates—Thanksgiving and Nov. 30. Address, E. P. Flynnmanager. U. S. S. Kearsage, Navy Yard, N. V.

After having two games postponed, owing to unfavorable weather, the Madison Field Club football team and the Willets' Point soldiers will play a game on Jasper Oval to-morrow afternoon.

The Knickerbocker football club will play the St. John's Institute at Knickerbocker A. C. grounds. Bayonne, N. J. to-morrow.

The Knickerbocker football club will play the St. John's Institute at Knickerbocker A. C. grounds. Bayonne, N. J. to-morrow.

The Knickerbocker would like to hear from the Madison F. C. toward arranging a game for Dec. S. at Jasper Oval. Address.

A. C. Fordon, 61 West Ninety-sixth street.

Lowa City, Ia, Nov 26.—It is estimated by Yale men that Yale's receipts this year from the Harvard game, where the crowd was estimated at 17,000, the receipts for Yale will be about \$55,000 The financial returns from the Columbia-Yale game will figure up about \$5,000 This will bring the grand total up to about \$50,000 this will bring the grand total up to about \$50,000 this will bring the grand total up to about \$50,000 this will bring the grand total up to about \$50,000 this will bring the grand total up to about \$50,000 this will bring the grand total up to about \$50,000 this year.

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Cambridge, Nov 26—Harvard broke loss to-night in the biggest and most enthusias celebration in its history. It was a two-fol after emissing of an indoor celebration in the Harvard Union and a bonfire on Soidiers Field in honor of the football team. At the quien the honors were passed around, head Coach Heid distributing them. The others speakers of the evening were President Find Major Higginson, Col Hallowell Capt Campbell and Coach Lewis President Find spoke of the condition of the men as he had always held that the athletic teams of tacks are too apt to overtrain, but in this year. spoke of the condition of the men as always held that the athletic teams of are too apt to overtrain, but in this team is did not see this tendency and to him was its most encouraging for Major Higginson spoke of the aptricts of the major had arisen and of the good feeling in the Capt tampbell, for the team, thank university for their surport Head Convent into details in the development team and said some very interesting the most interesting of which was the of the tackle back play. One more by clock Lewis came into his room samle on his face that stretched from the area of the wholl forget the play he and put if on a card. And as Lewis oped the defence, Reid gave him the clars of the victory, but in the verspected Lewis passand the wrest's lewis passand the wrest's lewis passand the wrest's lewis contents. speech Lewis passed the wrect. Then come the outdoor celebrate 5,000 under graduates formed is of the team and band. The marched to Soldiers Field where of the team and control of the team and the second of the wasting of the team of the team

remarked then seek to find the findings do fraction that the first championalip of the Hillimitate was begun to-day the model acute Andre Strome Andre Andre Strome Andre Strome Andre Strome Andre Strome Andre Strome

The sloctor and I had words it peptia I sould notize extotop: Another doctor had case was complicated with a troutic and was practy had long as weight and desired to Ripani Labures. From the terdelt the greatest bearfit from those use. People sook at mr in a inday "You are amproving " ... a walking advertisement for fogum Tabutes and have gained in weight forty pounds.

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